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#### Notes:

1. Data on Targeted Early Intervention (TEI) Services from the Department of Social Security (DSS) DataExchange (DEX) platform was first reported in the September 2020 Caseworker Dashboard.

2. Finalised data on Targeted Early Intervention (TEI) services is available 6 monthly. Consequently from 2022-23, YTD Q1 data will be reported at the same time that YTD Q2 data is reported. Similarly YTD Q3 data will be reported at the same time that YTD Q4 data are reported.

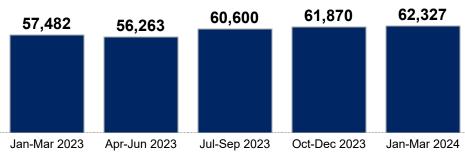
3. TEI data for 2020-21 can be accessed here.



Quarter to display       January-March 2024       Text Version       Child Protection quarterly dashboard prior 2022-23							2022-23	
Early Intervention		ts Child Prote Children and people		OOHC - Keeping children and young people safe		OOHC - Stable and nurturing environments		
Child and young person concern reports								
<b>Child and young person concern reports</b> received from reporter agencies and how these reports were classified			Reporter Agency     Reporter Type       All     All       Helpline Assessment Outcome     All					
A total of <b>107,774</b> child and young person concern reports were received in the January to March 2024 quarter. Of these concern reports reported in the quarter,			Chart 1: Child and young person concern reports					
			103,471	99,289	106,495	106,308	107,774	
<ul> <li>57.8% met the risk of significant harm (ROSH) threshold,</li> <li>32.7% were assessed as not meeting the ROSH threshhold, and</li> <li>9.5% were classified as other.</li> </ul>			34,709	33,246	35,079	34,265	35,258	
			57,482	56,263	60,600	61,870	62,327	
			Jan-Mar 2023	Apr-Jun 2023	Jul-Sep 2023	Oct-Dec 2023	Jan-Mar 2024	
			Meeting ROSH thre	shold 📃 Not ı	meeting ROSH thre	eshold Other		
What were the <b>primary Helpline assessed issues</b> reported from <b>mandatory reporter</b> agencies?			Reporter Ager All	ю	<b>Report</b> All	er Type		
			Primary Helpline Assessed Issue All					
		Chart 2: Child and young person <u>concern reports</u> from mandatory reporters						
<b>The DCJ Child Protection Helpline</b> received <b>87,970</b> child and young person concern reports in the January to March 2024 quarter.			84,657	83,366	90,453	88,330	87,970	
			Jan-Mar 2023	Apr-Jun 2023	Jul-Sep 2023	Oct-Dec 2023	Jan-Mar 2024	
			Primary Helplir	ne Assessed Iss	ue			

All

# Chart 3: **ROSH reports** by primary Helpline assessed issue



There were 62,327 ROSH reports in the January to March 2024

quarter. This is equivalent to an increase of **0.7%** from the previous

Compared with the same quarter last year of **57,482**, this represents a

Reporter Agency

Reporter Type



Ö

quarter.

growth of **8.4%**.

Determining a response time for **ROSH reports** from mandatory and non-mandatory reporters

Assessment of child and young person concern reports

to determine if they meet the statutory ROSH threshold

Of the 62,327 ROSH reports reported to the DCJ Child Protection Helpline in this quarter,

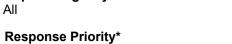
**8,982** reports were classified as requiring a response in 24 hours **28,215** reports were classified as requiring a response in 72 hours **22,334** reports were classified as requiring a response in 10 days.

< 10 days	rs
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Child and young person **contacts** by mandatory reporters to the DCJ Child Protection Helpline

The DCJ Child Protection Helpline received **39,073** child and young person contacts in the January to March 2024 quarter. This represents a decrease of **0.8%** or **298** contacts, when compared with the previous quarter. Compared with the same quarter last year of **38,352**, this is an increase of **1.9%** or **721** contacts.



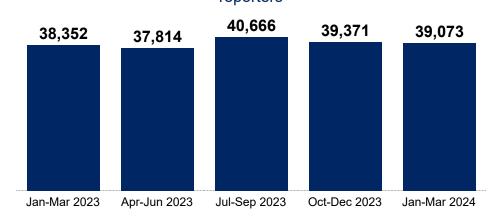
All

### Chart 4: ROSH reports by response priority\*

All



# Chart 5: Child and young person concern <u>contacts</u> by mandatory reporters



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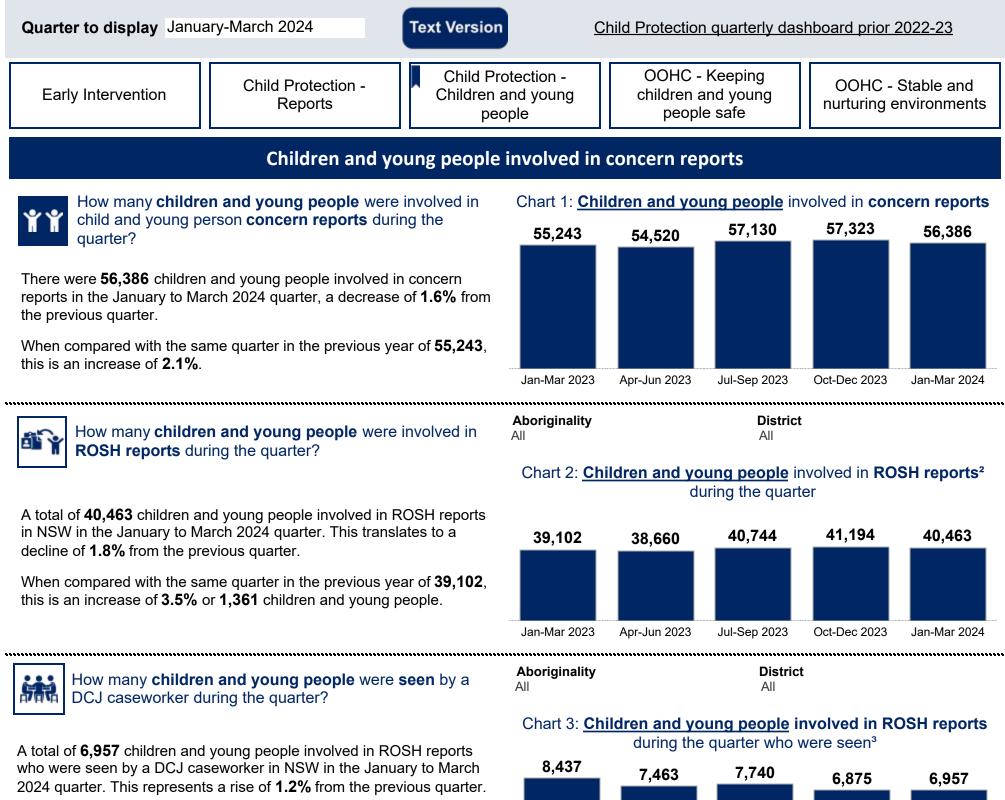
#### Notes:

1. Data for non-Aboriginal children and young people also include children and young people with the Aboriginality status of Not Stated.

2. Small numbers (e.g., <5) have been suppressed to protect privacy and avoid client identification.

3. NP: Not published.

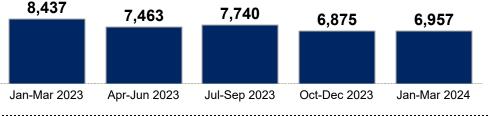




When compared with the same quarter in the previous year of **8,437**, this is a decrease of **17.5%** or **1,480** children and young people.

\*2:

How many **children and young people** were **seen** by a DCJ caseworker from the first day of the financial year to the end of the quarter?



Aboriginality

All

## Chart 4: Children and young people involved in ROSH reports who were seen YTD

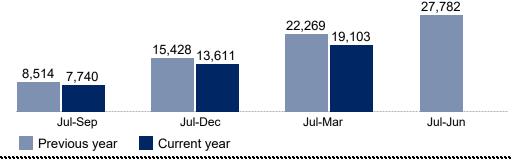
A total of **19,103** children and young people involved in ROSH reports who were seen by a DCJ caseworker from July 2023 to March 2024.

When compared with the same period in the previous year of **22,269** children and young people, this is a decrease of **3,166** children and young people who were seen by a DCJ caseworker.

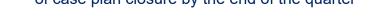


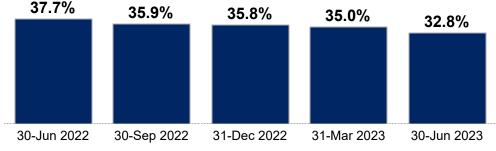
What is the percentage of children and young people re-reported at ROSH within 12 months of case plan closure <u>by the end of the quarter</u><sup>4</sup>?

By 30 June 2023, **32.8%** of children and young people were re-reported at ROSH within 12 months of case plan closure (Target 32.3% by June 2023).



### Chart 5: Children and young people re-reported within 12 months of case plan closure by the end of the quarter<sup>4</sup>





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#### Notes:

1. Data for non-Aboriginal children and young people also include children and young people with the Aboriginality status of Not Stated.

2. Prior to 2022-23, District in the **Children and young people involved in ROSH report** measure refer to the District of the <u>first</u> ROSH during the quarter. From Q1 2022-23, District is updated to be the sub-cohort of children seen only to align with the Children Seen measure.

3. District in Children Seen measure refers to District associated with the ROSH report during the reporting period that had the earliest submitted Safety/Alternative Assessment.

4. Based on the cohort of children who had closed cases during the 12 month period with case closure reasons of either (i) *case plan goal achieved* OR (ii) *no further intervention required*. These children are followed up for 12 months following care closure to determine what proportion is reported within that 12 month follow up period ending the last day of the reported quarter.

5. Small numbers (e.g., <5) have been suppressed to protect privacy and avoid client identification.

6. NP: Not published.





# Children and young people entering care during the quarter

A total of **525** children and young people entered OOHC in the January to March 2024 quarter. This translates to a rise of 40.0% or 150 children and young people, when compared with the previous guarter.

When compared with the same quarter last year of **524** children and young people entering care, this is comparable to the result of the same quarter last year.

# How many children and young people exited OOHC during the quarter?

There were 679 children and young people exiting OOHC in the January to March 2024 quarter. This is an increase of 5.6% or 36 children and young people from the previous quarter.

Compared with the same quarter last year of **700** children and young people exiting OOHC, this is a decrease of **3.0%** or **21** children and young people.

# Children and young people in need of care and protection by case management responsibility

There were **12,352** children and young people in statutory OOHC at 31 March 2024.

Age at entry

### Chart 1: Children and young people entering OOHC<sup>₄</sup> by age at entry



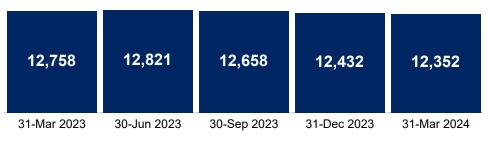
Age at exit





Case management responsibility Aboriginality All

### Chart 3: Children and young people in statutory OOHC<sup>4</sup> by Aboriginality and case management responsibility at quarter end



#### protection

At 31 March 2024, a total of **14,129** children and young people were in NSW. This means a decrease of 4.2%, when compared with 14,756 reported at the same quarter end last year.

## Placement of children and young people in need of care and protection

At 31 March 2024, a total of 14,129 children and young people were in **OOHC** in NSW. This means a decrease of **4.2%**, when compared with 14,756 reported at the same quarter end last year.

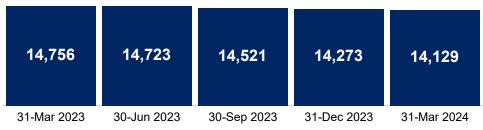
# Children and young people in High Cost Emergency Arrangements (HCEA)

There were **417** children and young people in HCEA at the end of Mar 2024. This is an increase of 1.2% or 5 children and young people when compared with the previous month. Compared with the same month of the previous year, the result is an increase of **1.0%** or **4** children and young people.

## Children and young people in Special OOHC

There were **16** children and young people in Special OOHC at the end of Mar 2024. It remained the same number of children and young people when compared with the previous month. Compared with the same month of the previous year, the result is the result is a decrease of of 54.3% or 19 children and young people.

# Chart 4: Children and young people in OOHC<sup>₄</sup> by DCJ district at quarter end



### **Placement Type**

All

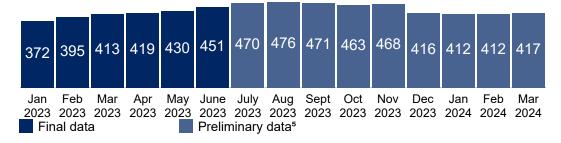
### Chart 5: Children and young people in OOHC<sup>4</sup> by placement type at quarter end



Aboriginality All

#### **Placement type** All

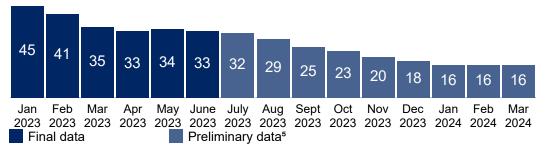
# Chart 6: Children and young people in HCEA<sup>4</sup> at month end



#### Aboriginality

All

## Chart 7: Children and young people in Special OOHC<sup>4</sup> at month end



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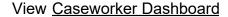
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All

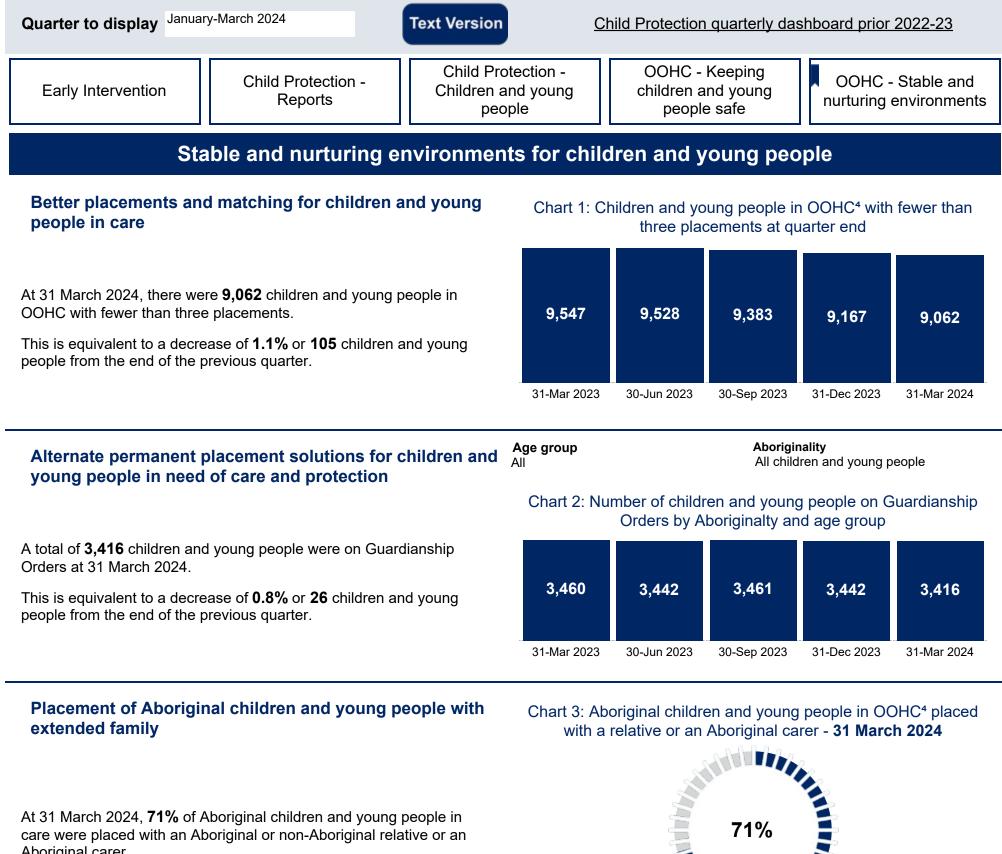
#### NP: Not published.

#### View definitions of specific forms of out-of-home care.

5. Data for the latest financial year will be updated until the end of the financial year to ensure accurate reporting, which may mean numbers change slightly, this is denoted by "Preliminary data".







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care were placed with an Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal relative or an

3. NP: Not published.

Aboriginal carer.

4. View definitions of specific forms of out-of-home care.